

Semester One Examination, 2015

Question/Answer Booklet

| MATHEMATICS |
|--------------------|
| SPECIALIST |
| UNIT 1 |
| Section Two: |
| Calculator-assumed |

If required by your examination administrator, please place your student identification label in this box

Student Number: In figures

In words

Your name

Time allowed for this section

Reading time before commencing work: ten minutes Working time for this section: one hundred minutes

Materials required/recommended for this section

To be provided by the supervisor

This Question/Answer Booklet Formula Sheet (retained from Section One)

To be provided by the candidate

Standard items: pens (blue/black preferred), pencils (including coloured), sharpener, correction fluid/tape, eraser, ruler, highlighters

Special items: drawing instruments, templates, notes on two unfolded sheets of A4 paper, and up to three calculators approved for use in the WACE examinations

Important note to candidates

No other items may be taken into the examination room. It is **your** responsibility to ensure that you do not have any unauthorised notes or other items of a non-personal nature in the examination room. If you have any unauthorised material with you, hand it to the supervisor **before** reading any further.

Structure of this paper

| Section | Number of questions available | Number of questions to be answered | Working time (minutes) | Marks available | Percentage of exam |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Section One: Calculator-free | 7 | 7 | 50 | 57 | 35 |
| Section Two: Calculator- assumed | 13 | 13 | 100 | 106 | 65 |
| | | | Total | 163 | 100 |

Instructions to candidates

- 1. The rules for the conduct of Trinity College examinations are detailed in the Year 11 Instructions to Candidates distributed to students prior to the examinations. Sitting this examination implies that you agree to abide by these rules.
- 2. Write your answers in this Question/Answer Booklet.
- 3. You must be careful to confine your response to the specific question asked and to follow any instructions that are specified to a particular question.
- 4. Spare pages are included at the end of this booklet. They can be used for planning your responses and/or as additional space if required to continue an answer.
 - Planning: If you use the spare pages for planning, indicate this clearly at the top of the page.
 - Continuing an answer: If you need to use the space to continue an answer, indicate in the original answer space where the answer is continued, i.e. give the page number. Fill in the number of the question that you are continuing to answer at the top of the page.
- 5. **Show all your working clearly**. Your working should be in sufficient detail to allow your answers to be checked readily and for marks to be awarded for reasoning. Incorrect answers given without supporting reasoning cannot be allocated any marks. For any question or part question worth more than two marks, valid working or justification is required to receive full marks. If you repeat any question, ensure that you cancel the answer you do not wish to have marked.
- 6. It is recommended that you **do not use pencil**, except in diagrams.
- 7. The Formula Sheet is **not** to be handed in with your Question/Answer Booklet.

Section Two: Calculator-assumed

This section has thirteen (13) questions. Answer all questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Working time for this section is 100 minutes.

Question 8

Three vectors are given by $\mathbf{a} = 7\mathbf{i}$, $\mathbf{b} = 6\mathbf{i} + 9\mathbf{j}$ and $\mathbf{c} = x\mathbf{i} - 5\mathbf{j}$.

Use your calculator to determine the angle between a and b, to the nearest degree. (a)

(2 marks)

(b) Determine all possible values of x if $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{c}$ and $\mathbf{b} + \mathbf{c}$ are perpendicular. (4 marks)

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(10 marks)

(a) A multiple choice test has twelve questions and each question has three possible choices. If all questions are attempted, in how many ways can the test be answered? (2 marks)

- (b) A set S contains all the integers between 3 and 102 inclusive. Determine
 - (i) how many numbers in set S are multiples of 7. (2 marks)
 - (ii) how many numbers in set S are multiples of 3 or 7. (3 marks)

(iii) how many numbers in set S are multiples of either 3 or 7 but not both. (1 mark)

(c) Ten points are equally spaced around the circumference of a circle. Determine the number of simple (non-self-intersecting) convex polygons that can be formed by joining either three, four or five of these points with straight line segments.
(2 marks)

(8 marks)

Question 10

Three forces are applied to a body. One has magnitude 300 N and acts due south. Another has magnitude 250 N and acts on a bearing of 050°.

(a) If all three forces are in equilibrium, determine the magnitude and direction of the third force. (4 marks)

(b) If the third force has a magnitude of 350 N and acts on a bearing of 250°, determine the magnitude and direction of the resultant force. (4 marks)

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED Section Two Semester 1 2015

Question 11

(6 marks)

(a) A triangle PQR has vertices P(1, 1), Q(5, 3) and R(3, 7). Determine the vector QM, where M is the midpoint of side PR. (3 marks)

(b) *ABC* is a triangle with point *D* on side *AC* such that $AD = \frac{3}{4}AC$. If $BA = \mathbf{a}$ and $BD = \mathbf{d}$, show that $BC = \frac{1}{3}(4\mathbf{d} - \mathbf{a})$. (3 marks)

(a) Vectors **a** and **b** have the same magnitude and vectors **a** and **c** are perpendicular, where $\mathbf{a} = \begin{bmatrix} m \\ n \end{bmatrix}$, $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the values of *m* and *n*. (3 marks)

(b) Determine the scalar projection of a velocity of 12 m/s on a bearing of 65° onto a velocity of 20 m/s on a bearing of 280°. (2 marks)

(c) The work done, in joules, by a force of \mathbf{F} Newtons in changing the displacement of an object by \mathbf{s} metres is given by the scalar product of \mathbf{F} and \mathbf{s} .

A force acting on a bearing of 160° does work of 1 200 joules. If the object moved a distance of 350 cm on a bearing of 135°, determine the magnitude of the force. (3 marks)

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Question 13

(9 marks)

- (a) A triangle has vertices at A(-3, 1), B(-1, 4) and C(5, 0).
 - (i) Determine the vectors $\stackrel{uun}{AB}$, $\stackrel{uun}{AC}$ and $\stackrel{uun}{BC}$. (3 marks)

(ii) Use a vector method to prove that triangle *ABC* is right-angled. (2 marks)

(b) Use a vector method to prove that if the diagonals of a parallelogram are perpendicular to each other, then the parallelogram is a rhombus. (4 marks)



(9 marks)

(a) Two circles of radius 12.6 cm, with centres *A* and *B* as shown below, have a common chord *CD*. Determine, with justification, the length *CD*. (2 marks)

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(b) In the diagram below, KN = 10 cm, LN = 15 cm and MN = 20 cm. Determine, with justification, the exact length of JN. (4 marks)



(c) Determine the length PQ, if the length of chord QR is 10.5 cm and the length of the tangent PS is 9.5 cm. (3 marks)



(10 marks)

(a) A small body A has position (12, -3) m relative to another small body B. If a third small body C has position (-5, 6) relative to A, determine the position of B relative to C.

(3 marks)

(b) To a cyclist moving with velocity (21, -5) km/h the wind appears to have velocity (-9, 3) km/h. Determine the true speed of the wind. (3 marks)

(c) A small ship is travelling with a constant speed of 14 knots on a bearing of 025° and another, larger ship is travelling with a constant speed of 17 knots on a bearing of 310°.

Determine the velocity of the large ship relative to the small ship. (4 marks)

Question 16

The medians of triangle *OAB* are *OC*, *AD* and *BE*, as shown below.

(A median joins a vertex to the midpoint of the opposite side of the triangle).

Let
$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}$$
 and $\overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b}$.



(a) Prove that OC + AD + BE = 0.

(4 marks)

(9 marks)

(b) The centroid, *F*, is the point of intersection of the medians.

Determine AF in terms of **a** and **b**.

(5 marks)

(Hint: Let EF = hEB, OF = kOC and first solve for h and k)

(8 marks)

(a) The diagram shows a triangle with vertices P,Q and R that lie on a circle with centre O.
Chord PR passes through O. Prove, by contradiction, that angle QPR is acute.

(4 marks)



(b) In the diagram below, *O* is the centre of the circle on which points *A*, *B*, *C* and *D* lie. Chord *AC* passes through *O* and *BC* is parallel to *AD*. Prove that the quadrilateral *ABCD* is a rectangle. (4 marks)



Question 18

(8 marks)

- (a) A small coach has 24 seats, arranged in six rows of four seats each, with two seats in each row on either side of the central aisle. A group of passengers consisting of ten males and nine females board the bus.
 - (i) Determine how many combinations of empty seats are possible once everyone has sat down. (1 mark)
 - (ii) How many fewer combinations are there if the females all sit on one side of the aisle and the males all sit on the other side? (3 marks)

- (b) Determine the number of possible four letter permutations of the letters of the word
 - (i) RELOAD. (1 mark)

(ii) RELOADED.

(3 marks)

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED

Section Two Semester 1 2015

(7 marks)

A small boat has to travel across a river from A to B, where $OA = 60\mathbf{i} + 35\mathbf{j}$ m and $OB = 356\mathbf{i} - 125\mathbf{j}$ m. A uniform current of $-1.5\mathbf{i} + 2.5\mathbf{j}$ m/s is flowing in the river and the boat can maintain a steady speed of 4 m/s.

(a) Determine, in the form $a\mathbf{i} + b\mathbf{j}$, the velocity vector the small boat should set to travel directly from *A* to *B*. (5 marks)

(b) Calculate how long the journey will take.

(2 marks)

CALCULATOR-ASSUMED Section Two Semester 1 2015

Question 20

(8 marks)

(a) In the diagram below, AC is a tangent to the circle at B. If $\angle ABG = 40^\circ$, $\angle GBF = 25^\circ$ and $\angle BFD = 30^\circ$, determine the size of angle DBF. (4 marks)



(b) In the diagram below, the line AC passes through the point P, where both circles touch each other. The line AD is parallel to line BC. Prove that the points B, P and D are collinear. (4 marks)



Additional working space

Question number: _____